

Mécanisme de transport

Q1  $\vec{P}(A, 2/1) = \ddot{x} \cdot \vec{x}_1$   
 Q2  $\vec{P}_c = (\ddot{x} \vec{x}_1 + l \ddot{\theta} \vec{x}_3) m_3$ ;  $\vec{P}_l = (\ddot{x} \vec{x}_1 + l \ddot{\theta} \vec{x}_3 + l \ddot{\theta}^2 \vec{y}_3) m_3$

$\vec{T}(B, 3/1) = \vec{I}_B(\ddot{\theta}) \cdot \vec{e}_3 + m_3 \vec{B} \vec{e}_1 \vec{v}(B, 3/1)$   
 $= C_3 \ddot{\theta} \vec{z} + m_3 \cdot (-l \vec{y}_3) \cdot \ddot{x} \vec{x}_1 = C_3 \ddot{\theta} \vec{z} + m_3 l \ddot{x} \cos \theta \vec{z}$   
 $= (C_3 \ddot{\theta} + m_3 l \ddot{x} \cos \theta) \vec{z}$

$\vec{S}(B, 3/1) = \left( \frac{d \vec{T}(B, 3/1)}{dt} \right)_1 + m_3 \frac{\vec{v}(B/1)}{\ddot{x} \vec{x}_1} \wedge \frac{\vec{v}(A, 3/1)}{\ddot{x} \vec{x}_1 + l \ddot{\theta} \vec{x}_3}$   
 $= [C_3 \ddot{\theta} + m_3 l (\ddot{x} \cos \theta - \dot{x} \dot{\theta} \sin \theta)] \vec{z} + (m_3 \dot{x} l \dot{\theta} \sin \theta) \vec{z}$   
 $= (C_3 \ddot{\theta} + m_3 l \ddot{x} \cos \theta) \vec{z}$

Q3  $\{T_{2 \rightarrow 3}\} = \begin{pmatrix} X_B & - \\ Y_B & - \\ - & 0 \end{pmatrix}_{B, B_2}$

Q4  $\vec{P} = -m_3 g \cdot \vec{y}_c$   
 $\vec{\pi}(B) = \vec{\pi}(c) + \vec{B} \vec{e}_1 \vec{P}$   
 $= \vec{0} + (-l \vec{y}_3) \wedge \vec{P}$   
 $\vec{\pi}(B) = -m_3 g \cdot l \sin \theta \vec{z}$

①  $C_3 \ddot{\theta} + m_3 l \ddot{x} \cos \theta = -m_3 g l \sin \theta$     Q5  $\dot{a} t = 0, \theta = 0$   
 $\Leftrightarrow \ddot{\theta} = -\frac{m_3 l \ddot{x} \cos \theta}{C_3} < 0$

Q6  $\{T_{1 \rightarrow 2}\} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & - \\ Y_A & - \\ - & N_A \end{pmatrix}_{A, B_2}$

Q7  $m_2 \ddot{x} + m_3 \cdot (\ddot{x} + l \ddot{\theta} \cos \theta \cdot \vec{x}_1 + l \ddot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \cdot \vec{x}_1) = F$   
 ②  $m_2 \ddot{x} + m_3 (\ddot{x} + l \ddot{\theta} \cos \theta + l \ddot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta) = F$

Q8  $\dot{a} t = 0, \theta = 0, \Rightarrow \ddot{\theta} = 0$   
 ②  $F = m_2 \ddot{x} + m_3 \ddot{x} + l \cos^2 \theta \left( \frac{-m_3 l \ddot{x} \cos \theta}{C_3} \right)$   
 $F = \ddot{x} \left( m_2 + m_3 - \frac{m_3 l^2}{C_3} \right)$

Q9  $\dot{\theta} = 0 \Rightarrow \text{et } \ddot{\theta} = 0 \Rightarrow \tan \theta = -\frac{\ddot{x}}{g}$   
 ①  $\Rightarrow$